## Littorina littorea

# **Invasive to Maine**

### Common Periwinkle

# Coastal Rocky Intertidal, Docks, and Beaches

### **Shell Aperture (Opening)**



Look for an aperture (opening) that is white. Hum to it! If it comes out, look for black bands on the tentacles.

# SHELL PARTS AND CHARACTERISTICS SPIRE WHORLS SUTURE BODY WHORL LIP SHELL A APERTURE LIP SHELL B

### **Color Variations**



The Common Periwinkle has fewer color variations than the Smooth or Rough Periwinkles. It is most often grayish-purple or a dull brown.

Researched and created by: Brendan O'Keefe Help us improve this species card! Contact us with your updates.

### **Full View**



Look for a periwinkle with a smooth, thick, purplish-brown shell. The spire (spiraled end) is short, like Shell B in the diagram.

### **Shell Spire (Spiraled End)**



Look for a shell with a short spire, flattened whorls, and a pointed apex (tip). Shells of young animals have marked spiral ridges while shells of older animals are smooth.

### **Similar Species**

The Rough Periwinkle looks a lot like the Common Periwinkle with the following exceptions: The Rough Periwinkle has deep spiral ridges and the inside of the shell is darker than the outside. The Common Periwinkle has much less obvious ridges and the inside of the shell is lighter than the outside.

### **Fun Fact**

Common Periwinkles can get their oxygen from water or, for a limited time, from air. Scientists think that terrestrial (land) snails may have evolved from periwinkles.

